Cherrybells

Roots faster than comparable cuphea, reducing costs and production time. Able to be produced at lower temperatures, it can also decrease the overall cost of Spring greenhouse production. Requires less special treatment because of its high resistance to Oedema.
Deep orange blooms make a showstopping display in the landscape and in combos. Attracts bees and hummingbirds; a great pollinator plant.

General & Information

Height:	Spread:	Exposure:
10-12" (25-30cm)	14-20" (36-51cm)	Partial Sun, Sun

Propagation Guide

Tray Sizes (cells/tray):	Rooting Hormone:	Average Days with Mist:	Pinch:	Average Propagation Time (weeks):	Comments:
50, 72, 84, 105	No	6-8	Yes	3-4	Requires all flower buds to be pinched out of the liner in order to create better branching in finished product.

Finishing

Soil pH:	Light Levels (fc):	Temperature Day:	Temperature Night:	Fertilization (ppm N):	No. of Pinches:	Plant Growth Regulators (S) = spray / (D) = drench:	Pests:	Diseases:	Comments:
5.4-5.8	6,000-12,000	70-75°F (21-24° C)	59-64°F (15-18° C)	175-225	1-2	Benefits from a paclobutrazol (D) 2 ppm to control finished habit. Also can benefit from a ethephon(S) 250 ppm tank mix with benzyladenine(S) 75 ppm to increase branching.	Whitefly, aphids	Botrytis, Root rot	Pinch as needed to shape. Fertilize regularly. Crop times will be shortest under high light.

Crop Time

4- to 5-inch (10- to 13-cm) Pots, Quarts :	6-inch (15-cm) Pots, Gallons:	10- to 12-inch (25- to 30-cm) Tubs or Baskets:
1 ppp, 6-8 weeks	2-5 ppp, 7-9 weeks	3-6 ppp, 10-12 weeks

Other Cuphea Varieties

Cuphea Cherrybells